Writing a Home Run Research Strategy

Children's Foundation Research Institute



THE UNIVERSITY of TENNESSEE

HEALTH SCIENCE CENTER

Recent Changes

- Version F for application guides and forms
- Inclusion of individuals across the lifespan
 - Exclusion of any specific age or age range group (e.g., children or older adults) should be justified in this section.
- Guidelines for research using human fetal tissue
 - Added instructions for applications proposing the use of human fetal tissue obtained from elective abortions.

FORMS VERSION F SERIES

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TRAINING INSTRUCTIONS FOR NIH AND OTHER PHS AGENCIES

SF424 (R&R) APPLICATION PACKAGES

Guidance developed and maintained by NIH for preparing and submitting applications via Grants.gov to NIH and other PHS agencies using the SF424 (R&R)

Section of Application	Page Limits * (if different from FOA, FOA supersedes)
Project Summary/Abstract	30 lines of text
Project Narrative	Three sentences
Introduction to Resubmission or Revision Application (when applicable)	1
Candidate Information and Goals for Career Development and Research Strategy	12 (for both attachments combined)
Specific Aims	1
Training in the Responsible Conduct of Research	1
Candidate's Plan to Provide Mentoring (Include only when required by the specific FOA, e.g., K24 and K05)	6
Plans and Statements of Mentor and Co-mentor(s)	6
Letters of Support from Collaborators, Contributors, and Consultants	6
Description of Institutional Environment	1
Institutional Commitment to Candidate's Research Career Development	1
Biographical Sketch	5

Introduction

- For revised applications only
- Summarizes substantial additions, deletions, and changes
 - -It is sufficient to outline the changes made to the resubmission application in the Introduction attachment. NIH has removed the requirement to identify 'substantial scientific changes' in the text of a resubmission application by 'bracketing, indenting, or change of

Introduction

- Addresses the concerns and criticisms raised in the summary statement
- Respectful and appreciative language
 - "The reviewers are obviously not familiar with....."
 - "We very much appreciate the thoughtful comments of the reviewers...."

Research Strategy

- Significance
- Innovation
- Approach
 - -Research Design
 - Preliminary Data
 - -Methods
 - -Analysis of Results
 - -Final Section

Research Strategy

- Strengths and weaknesses of relevant prior research or preliminary data
- Strong scientific premise
- An experimental design and methods that will achieve robust, unbiased results
- Biological variables are factored into the research design, with justification provided for restrictions

Significance

- Review literature selectively and critically
- Show how your proposed work will fill gaps in knowledge in your field
- <u>Emphasize impact</u>
 - Remember that the final overall score of your grant is based on potential <u>impact</u> of your proposal
- Should be more compelling if you have less preliminary data
- Aim for a conceptual model that addresses the current project and your long-term plan

Innovation

- Will your project challenge or shift the status quo?
- Does the study use new concepts, approaches, or methods?
- Will this study improve current methods or concepts or apply them in a new way?
- Are your research/career goals unique?
- Does your plan represent a "new wave" of research in your field?

Approach: Research Design

- Show how the specific aims test the central hypothesis
- Use diagrams
- Explain rationale for your design, including compromises
- Clarify how the design addresses your primary questions/hypotheses
- Discuss limitations and alternative approaches
- Show how career development activities will enhance your research

Approach: Preliminary Data

- Strong data to support your aims
- Demonstrate feasibility
- Preliminary data are more critical in R01s than in K awards but provide a competitive edge
- Should complement your Career Development Plan
- Put yourself in the spotlight! Don't give mentors or collaborators all the credit

Approach: Methods

- Cite previously published methods
- Devote space only to methods that are crucial to the study and unpublished
- Offer alternatives to challenging experiments
- Indicate where career development plan will strengthen your skills
- Use letters of support to emphasize capabilities

Approach: Analysis of Results

- Statistical approach and methods
- Power calculations to justify sample size/number of experiments
- Alternative approaches to analysis and interpretation
- Special courses/studies that will develop analytic skills
- Letters of support to clarify mentors' role in data analysis

Approach: Final Section

- Timeline and benchmarks for success
- Summarize project limitations
- Reiterate project importance and strengths (IMPACT)
- Relate your research project and future R01 to your career goals
- Graphical timeline integrating your Research and Career Development Plans

Additional Details

- Describe oversight of study subject safety, including DSMB, if needed
- Point out any procedures, situations, or materials that may be hazardous to personnel and precautions to be exercised
- Follow guidelines on use of human embryonic stem cells and human fetal tissue in research

Pro Tips

- Use figures and tables to reduce text
- Avoid long stretches of unbroken monotonous text. Use paragraph breaks, figures and tables.
- Make figures and graphs easy to read and interpret
- Make sure figures depict what you say they do, especially fluorescent micrographs
- Avoid hyperbole ("highly innovative", "paradigmshifting", etc.)
- Allow time for review by mentor(s) or collaborators and incorporation of feedback





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